

1. AB is a diameter of a circle with radius 1. C lies on this circle such that $\widehat{AC} / \widehat{BC} = 4$. Find the (positive) difference in area between $\overline{AC} \cup \widehat{CA}$, the segment of the circle cut off by \overline{AC} , and $\overline{BC} \cup \widehat{CB}$, the segment cut off by \overline{BC} .
2. In trapezoid $ABCD$, $BC \parallel AD$, $AB = 13$, $BC = 15$, $CD = 14$, and $DA = 30$. Find the area of $ABCD$.
3. Let ABC be equilateral triangle of side 1. Draw three circles O_a, O_b, O_c with diameters BC, CA , and AB , respectively. Let S_a denote the area of the region inside O_a and outside of O_b and O_c . Define S_b and S_c similarly, and let S be the area of the intersection between the three circles. Find $S_a + S_b + S_c - S$.
4. Let $ABCD$ be a rectangle with area 2012. There exist points E on AB and F on CD such that $DE = EF = FB$. Diagonal AC intersects DE at X and EF at Y . Compute the area of triangle EXY .
5. What is the radius of the largest sphere that fits inside an octahedron of side length 1?
6. A red unit cube $ABCDEFGH$ (with E below A , F below B , etc.) is pushed into the corner of a room with vertex E not visible, so that faces $ABFE$ and $ADHE$ are adjacent to the wall and face $EFGH$ is adjacent to the floor. A string of length 2 is dipped in black paint, and one of its endpoints is attached to vertex A . How much surface area on the three visible faces of the cube can be painted black by sweeping the string over them?
7. Let ABC be a triangle with side lengths 5, 8, and 9 and incircle O . Consider the other tangent line to O parallel to BC , which intersects AB at B_a and AC at C_a . Let r_a be the inradius of triangle AB_aC_a , and define r_b and r_c similarly. Find $r_a + r_b + r_c$.
8. In triangle ABC , we have $a = 3$, $b = 5$, and $c = 6$. For some radius r , draw the three circles with radius r such that the centers O_a and O_b are outside the triangle while the center O_c is inside the triangle. If circles O_a and O_b intersect at C , O_b and O_c intersect at A , O_c and O_a intersect at B , and all three circles intersect at a fourth distinct point, find r .
9. In quadrilateral $ABCD$, $\angle ABD \cong \angle BCD$ and $\angle ADB = \angle ABD + \angle BDC$. If $AB = 8$, and $AD = 5$, find BC .
10. A large flat plate of glass is suspended $\sqrt{2/3}$ units above a large flat plate of wood. (The glass is infinitely thin and causes no funny refractive effects.) A point source of light is suspended $\sqrt{6}$ units above the glass plate. An object rests on the glass plate of the following description. Its base is an isosceles trapezoid $ABCD$ with $AB \parallel DC$, $AB = AD = BC = 1$, and $DC = 2$. The point source of light is directly above the midpoint of CD . The object's upper face is a triangle EFG with $EF = 2$, $EG = FG = \sqrt{3}$. G and AB lie on opposite sides of the rectangle $EFCD$. The other sides of the object are $EA = ED = 1$, $FB = FC = 1$, and $GD = GC = 2$. Compute the area of the shadow that the object casts on the wood plate.